## NERVOUS SYSTEM STUDY GUIDE

## GPS STANDARD:

SAP3. Students will assess the integration and coordination of body functions and their dependence on the endocrine and nervous systems to regulate physiological activities.

a. Interpret interactions among hormones, senses, and **nerves** which make possible the coordination of functions of the body.

b. Investigate the **physiology of electrochemical impulses** and neural integration and trace the **pathway of an impulse**, relating biochemical changes involved in the conduction of the impulse.

c. Describe how the body perceives internal and external stimuli and responds to maintain a stable internal environment, as it relates to biofeedback.

## STUDY GUIDE QUESTIONS:

- 1. What is the main function of the nervous system?
- 2. What are the divisions and functions of the nervous system?
- 3. Draw and label the parts of a typical neuron.
- 4. What are the functions of the 3 structural and 3 functional types of neurons?
- 5. What are the functions of the supporting cells for the CNS and PNS?
- 6. What are the terms used for cell bodies and nerve fibers in the CNS and PNS?
- 7. What are the functions of the receptors in the body?
- 8. What is a reflex?
- 9. Trace the pathway of an impulse through the reflex arc including the specific parts of the spinal cord.
- 10. Explain the physiology of generating an electrochemical impulse. (Steps of the action potential)
- 11. What are the functions of the parts of the brain?
- 12. What is the corpus callosum?
- 13. How is the CNS protected?
- 14. What is the blood brain barrier?
- 15. List the parts of the spinal cord.
- 16. What is the structure of a nerve?
- 17. List the main nerve names and plexuses.
- 18. What are the structural and functional differences between the ANS and SNS?
- 19. What are the structural and functional differences between the Sympathetic and Parasympathetic Divisions?
- 20. Explain the disorders associated with the nervous system.