Brain Dissection

Brain Structures: Identify the following structures on the brain

- Gyrus (gyri)
- Sulcus (sulci)
- Spinal cord
- Medulla oblongata of brain stem
- Pons of brain stem
- Cerebellum
- Arachnoid mater and Pia mater (possibly dura mater)
- Frontal lobe of cerebrum
- Temporal lobe of cerebrum
- Occipital lobe of cerebrum
- Parietal lobe of cerebrum

- Olfactory bulbs
- Longitudinal fissure
- Optic nerve (possibly)
- Optic chiasmata
- Optic tract
- Fourth (IV) Ventricle
- Inferior and Superior Colliculus
- Uncus
- Hippocampus gyrus
- Mammillary Bodies
- Infundibulum
- Midbrain of brain stem
- Pineal body

- Corpus callosum
- Fornix
- Lateral ventricles
- Third ventricle
- Thalamus
- Epithalamus
- Hypothalamus
- Cerebral aqueduct
- Basal ganglia
- Hippocampus
- White matter
- Gray matter

Lab Discussion Questions

- 1. List 3 ways the sheep brain (or any 4 legged animal) is different from the human brain. (Look at the pictures in your textbook to see the human brain)
- 2. What is the purpose of the ventricles in the brain? What structure forms the border around the lateral ventricles? What is the purpose of that structure?
- 3. What is the order of the parts of the **brain stem** starting at the brain and moving towards the spinal cord?
- 4. List the functional differences between the 4 lobes of the cerebrum.
- 5. What are the main structures that make up the midbrain? List the function of each
- 6. Which layer of the meninges forms that outermost layer of protection? What is the name of the other two layers?
- 7. Pick 5 of the bolded structures above and define them.
- 8. List the structures that the signal from your eye takes to allow you to perceive light.
- 9. Where specifically would the pituitary gland be located on the brain (by what structure)?
- 10. Did the dissection help you learn the parts of the brain better? Why or why not? What challenges did you face while doing the dissection?